1. You are at the FSBk after-party, and you want to win the mechanical advantage competition. Mechanical advantage.
Use as many team members as you consider bringing the lever to equilibrium.


CW (car weight) $=275.5 \mathrm{~kg}$
$\mathrm{X}=1.1216 \mathrm{~m}$
$\mathrm{L}=2 \mathrm{~m}$

You've decided to use two team members, $\mathrm{TM} 1=71.3 \mathrm{~kg}$; $\mathrm{TM} 2=78.6 \mathrm{~kg}$.
Rules of the game:

- the lever needs to be in equilibrium (level with the ground)
- you can lose weight (murder, and dismemberment are prohibited)
- you can gain weight only by drinking beer $1 \mathrm{l}=1 \mathrm{~kg}$
- you can have a beer 0.7 kg in hand while on the lever

Knowing the above-mentioned, TM1 can drink 1.9 l/h; TM2 can drink 2.4 l/h, being a competition, they need to drink fast.

How much weight do they need to gain/lose in the shortest time possible to bring the lever in equilibrium?
a) Gain $\mathbf{3 . 2} \mathbf{k g} \mathbf{- 4 4 m i n 3 9 s e c}$
b) Gain $2.3 \mathrm{~kg}-41 \mathrm{~min} 41 \mathrm{sec}$
c) Loose $2.3 \mathrm{~kg}-45 \mathrm{~min} 47 \mathrm{sec}$
d) Gain $3.2 \mathrm{~kg}-32 \mathrm{~min} 32 \mathrm{sec}$
2. It is 2 days before submitting the cost report, because of an accident in testing 10 pcs. of class $8.8 \mathrm{M} 8 \times 16$ screws broke, you did the calculation, and it costs half the price to make 10 pcs. class 12.9 M8x16 screws, how will you add these in the BOM part of the cost report if they are made?
a) Fastener
b) Part
c) Assembly
d) Sub-assembly
3. For whatever reason you did not write down your tire pressure when you run endurance at your previous formula student event, and now at FSBk you have the same meteorological conditions, clouds, $17^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and an atmospheric pressure of 735 mmHg . Luckily you have the data logger from last year, but you only have the last values saved, absolute tire pressure 2.2bar and a temperature in your tire of $42^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Calculate the pressure that your team must inflate in your tires before endurance. (neglect the expansion of the air volume in the tire and the total volume of the air inside the tire is $0.01 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ ).
a) 0.45 bar
b) 0.50 bar
c) 0.55 bar
d) 0.60 bar
4. Due to a huge thunderstorm the business presentation finals were rescheduled by 1 day overlapping the engineering design event finals, your team is qualified for both engineering design and business presentation finals, what is minimum number of points that you can get in the business presentation finals if only 1 person presents the business presentation instead of 2 ? (answer format round to nearest decimal eg:12.34)

Correct answer: $\mathbf{7 1 . 0 0}$
5. According to ISO $2768-\mathrm{mK}$, what is the tolerance class for length dimension with exception of those for broken edges for a nominal dimension of 12 mm under the fine class.
a) $\pm 0.05$
b) $\pm 0.1$
c) $\pm 0.15$
d) $\pm 0.2$
6. What is the resistance of a piece of nichromonire 24 er in et l with a cross-sectional area of 0.015 squar onti het ? ( n wer fo ra to ea st decmal eg:12.34)
Correct answe 13 , ams
7. Which of the following are not characteristics of the phenomenon of combustion with detonation:
a) appearance of a characteristic metallic noise
b) increased indicated power of the engine
c) reduced engine durability
d) engine overheating
8. A copper coil has a resistance of 100 ohms at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What is its resistance at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ if the temperature coefficient of resistivity for copper is $0.0038{ }^{\Omega} / \Omega^{\circ} C^{?}$ ? (answer format round to nearest decimal eg:12.34)

Correct answer: 111.40 ohms
9. Your team is running in FSBk CV class with a pneumatic shifter, and today it's a hot summer day in Romania, with temperatures of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 750 mmHg , thus you must determine how many shifts you may have during endurance. Knowing that the gas bottle has a pressure inside of 115 bar with a total volume of 0.6 L and for one gear shift you measured the volume of air expelled into the atmosphere and you got 500 mL .
a) 181
b) 138
c) 338
d) 227
10. What is true about the BSPD?
a) It opens the SDC when hard braking is detected and TPS position is $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ over idle
b) It opens the SDC if an implausibility persists for 250 ms or more
c) It can be supplied directly from a DC/DC converter
d) The BSPD can close the SDC through either a relay or a MOSFET
11. What is the maximum voltage permitted for low voltage?
a. 60V ACRMS and 50V DC
b. 55V DC and 60V ACRMS
c. 60V DC and 50V ACRMS
d. 55 V ACRMS and 60 V DC
12. For the shown gear train, the input RPM is 3600 , and the number of teeth of the input gear is z1=30.


The number of teeth of the rest of gears are: $z 2=23, z 3=18, z 4=32, z 5=47, z 6=10, z 7=30$. Calculate the RPM of the final gear z7. (answer format round to nearest decimal eg:12.34)
13. Under what conditions does the relative humidity decrease while the absolute humidity increases?
a) only if the temperature rises fast enough
b) only it the pressure rises fast enough
c) only if the temperature drops fast enough
d) only if the pressure drops fast enough
14. What is the coefficient of friction of brake pads lining generally?
a) 0.1-0.5
b) 0.7-0.9
c) $0.5-1.0$
d) $0.35-0.65$
15. Team A, B, C and D finished autocross. Team A has a clean run with 59.4 seconds, team $B$ has 3 cones down with a best time of 55.1 seconds and team $C$ has 1 cone down with a best time of 58.5 seconds and team $D$ has a clean run with 1 min15.2 seconds. How many points should team $B$ and $D$ get for the autocross event?
a) Team $B=86.7$ and Team $D=5$
b) Team $B=88.7$ and Team $D=31.3$
c) Team $B=86.7$ and Team $D=6.3$
d) Team $B=88.7$ and Team $D=1.3$
16. The following cars finished the endurance with the given times and amount of fuel/energy units:
Car 225 time 19:20.53 and used 4.68 liters of E85 fuel.
Car 311 time 20.21.52 and used $\mathbf{3 . 2 8}$ liters of RON 98 fuel.
Car E11 time of 18:20.45 and used 4200 units of energy.
Car E27 time of 18:47.53 and used 4525 units of energy.

Chose the number of points for efficiency that each team gets:
a) Car $225-75$ points, Car 311- 57.22 points, Car E11-75 points, Car E27-56.22 points
b) Car 225-75 points, Car 311-56.11 points, Car E11-75 points, Car E27-55.36 points
c) Car $225-75$ points, Car 311- 55.75 points, Car E11-75 points, Car E27-54.85 points
d) Car $225-56.22$ points, Car 311-75 points, Car E11-65.72 points, Car E27-75 points
e) Car 225 - 54.25 points, Car $311-75$ points, Car E11-56.11 points, Car E 27- 75 points
17. Cargo Drop. Because of time constraints, you decide to parachute your car and tools. All of them will be placed in a box $2 \times 1.7 \times 1.2 \mathrm{~m}$ from 1000 m height weighing 500 kg . Knowing that the parachute must open at 50 m above the ground. At what time the parachute must open from the time it is being dropped, what is the total time of descent, knowing the descent velocity with the parachute open of $3.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, and what is the parachute diameter? (the parachute has no delay on opening, earth gravity acceleration $=9.81 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, drag coeficient of the box= 1.05 , drag coefficient of the assembly $=1.35$, air density $=1.204 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ )

a) time to open the parachute $\mathbf{2 3 . 7 5} \mathbf{~ s ; ~ t i m e ~ o f ~ t o t a l ~ d e c e n t ~} \mathbf{3 8 . 0 3} \mathbf{~ s}$; radius $\mathbf{1 2 . 5 2} \mathbf{~ m}$.
b) time to open the parachute 38.03 s ; time of total decent 58.75 s ; radius 18.52 m .
c) time to open the parachute 13.75 s ; time of total decent 28.03 s ; radius 8.52 m .
d) time to open the parachute 43.03 s ; time of total decent 48.75 s ; radius 2.52 m .
18. Before the endurance it rained quite badly, the track conditions were set to wet, after the endurance started and the cars started to spread the water, later the track conditions changed to damp. Later it started to rain again, and the conditions of the track changed to $v t$, and after a while the rain stopped and the track started to dry slowly. So, your team ta the andurance event with wet tires on a damp track. The track surface is drying ast, d our elemoy shows that the tires are overheating. The officials did not annour $b$ gny ci es the track condition. What can you do?
a) Make a separate pit stop in the drive nans a do ch nge to a new set of wet tires for the remaining laps. The pit stop ime i ad ed to he verall time.
b) You may change ta tires ang he ver change. The pit stop time is not added to overall time it yo man e to at it under 13 minutes.
c) You us int han o the cires. You can try driving off the ideal race line within the track bounda if to bol down the tires.
d) Make a separate pit stop in the driver change area and change to dry tires. The pit stop time is added to the overall time.
19. What is true about the driver change:
a) The driver change time will start once the vehicle is stopped in the driver change area and the first driver has climbed out of the vehicle.
b) If the driver change takes longer than 3 minutes, extra time will be penalized with -40 points to the overall score.
c) You will get a penalty of $\mathbf{2}$ minutes if you make suspension adjustments to the vehicle.
d) The driver change time is stopped when the second driver is inside the vehicle. Team members are not allowed to secure him from this moment, he will have to secure himself.
20. You are a provider of E 85 for the formula student Balkans competition. You must provide E85 fuel for 20 teams for the 2024 event. Knowing that one team uses 16 liters of E 85 for the whole event (practice included). You decide to make it in the Balkan way, so how many kg of fruits you must collect in order to obtain the required amount of E85 fuel, knowing that from 25 kg of fruits (plums, bananas, apricots, etc.) you get around of 8 liters of pure ethanol. You will also have to find how many barrels of 50kg do you need to deposit the fruits.

a) 850 kg of fruits; 17 barrels
b) 800 kg of fruits; 17 barrels
c) 900 kg of fruits; 18 barrels
d) 950 kg of fruits; 18 barrels

